## We claim:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding human LMP, wherein the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under standard conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 25, and wherein the molecule hybridizes under highly stringent conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 26.
- 2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule is HLMP-1s which comprises SEQ ID NO: 33.
- 3. The isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule is HLMP-1 which comprises SEQ ID NO: 22.
- 4. A human LMP protein encoded by an isolated nucleic acid molecule, wherein the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under standard conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 25, and wherein the molecule hybridizes under highly stringent conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 26.
- 5. The human LMP protein according to claim 4, comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 34.

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- 6. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding rat LMP protein, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under standard conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 2.
- 7. A rat LMP protein encoded by an isolated nucleic acid molecule, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under standard conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 2.
- 8. A vector comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of any of claims 1, 2, 3 or 6.
- 9. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 8, wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of procaryotic cells, yeast cells and mammalian cells.
- 10. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of any of claims 1, 2, 3 or 6, further comprising a label for detection.
- 11. A human LIM mineralization protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 10 and SEQ ID NO: 34.

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- 12. A rat LIM mineralization protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 13. An osteoinductive soluble factor induced by the expression of human LIM mineralization protein.
- 14. The osteoinductive soluble factor of claim 13, wherein the osteoinductive soluble factor is a protein.
  - 15. A monoclonal antibody specific for a human LIM mineralization protein.
- 16. The monoclonal antibody of claim 15, wherein the human LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1 (SEQ ID NO: 10).
- 17. The monoclonal antibody of claim 15, wherein the human LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1s (SEQ ID NO: 34).
  - 18. A polyclonal antibody specific for a human LIM mineralization protein.
- 19. The polyclonal antibody of claim 18, wherein the human LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1 (SEQ ID NO: 10).

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- 20. The polyclonal antibody of claim 18, wherein the human LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1s (SEQ ID NO: 34).
- 21. A monoclonal antibody specific for a rat LIM mineralization protein (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 22. A polyclonal antibody specific for a rat LIM mineralization protein (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 23. A method of inducing bone formation comprising transfecting osteogenic precursor cells with an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding LIM mineralization protein.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule is in a vector.
  - 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the vector is an expression vector.
  - 26. The method of claim 25, wherein the vector is a plasmid.
  - 27. The method of claim 25, wherein the vector is a virus.

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- 28. The method of claim 27, wherein the virus is an adenovirus
- 29. The method of claim 27, wherein the virus is a retrovirus.
- 30. The method of claim 23, wherein the osteogenic precursor cells are transfected *ex vivo*.
- 31. The method of claim 23, wherein the osteogenic precursor cells are transfected *in vivo* by direct injection of the isolated nucleic acid molecule.
- 32. The method of claim 23, wherein the LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1 (SEQ ID NO: 10).
- 33. The method of claim 23, wherein the LIM mineralization protein is HLMP-1s (SEQ ID NO: 34).
- 34. The method of claim 23, wherein the LIM mineralization protein is RLMP (SEQ ID NO: 1).

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## 35. A method of fusing a spine, comprising:

- transfecting osteogenic precursor cells with an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding LIM mineralization protein;
- (b) admixing the transfected osteogenic precursor cells with a matrix;and
- (c) contacting the matrix with the spine;

wherein expression of the nucleotide sequence encoding LIM mineralization protein causes mineralized bone formation in the matrix.

- 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the osteogenic precursor cells are transfected *ex vivo*.
- 37. The method of claim 35, wherein the LIM mineralization protein is selected from the group consisting of HLMP-1 (SEQ ID NO: 10), HLMP-1s (SEQ ID NO: 34) and RLMP (SEQ ID NO: 1).

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- 38. A method of inducing systemic bone formation in a mammalian host in need thereof, comprising:
  - (a) transfecting osteogenic precursor cells with a vector that is stablely maintained in the osteogenic precursor cells, the vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a LIM mineralization protein and a regulatable promoter, wherein the regulatable promoter, which responds to an exogenous control compound, controls expression of the nucleotide sequence encoding the LIM mineralization protein; and
  - (b) administering to the host, as needed, an amount of the exogenous control substance effective to cause expression of the nucleotide sequence encoding a LIM mineralization protein.
- 39. The method of claim 38, wherein the LIM mineralization protein is selected from the group consisting of HLMP-1 (SEQ ID NO: 10), HLMP-1s (SEQ ID NO: 34) and RLMP (SEQ ID NO: 1).

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- 40. A method of stimulating production of an osteogenic soluble factor by an osteogenic cell, comprising:
  - (a) transfecting the osteogenic cell with an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding LIM mineralization protein; and
  - (b) overexpressing the isolated nucleic acid molecule.
  - 41. An osteogenic soluble factor produced by the method of claim 40.
- 42. The osteogenic soluble factor of claim 41, wherein the osteogenic factor is a protein.
- 43. A method of inhibiting the expression of LIM mineralization protein comprising transfecting a cell wherein the LIM mineralization protein is expressed with an antisense oligonucleotide.
- 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the antisense oligonucleotide has the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 35.

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- 45. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding human LMP, wherein the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under standard conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 25.
- 46. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding human LMP, wherein the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under highly stringent conditions to a nucleic acid molecule complementary to the full length of SEQ. ID NO: 26.
- 47. The method of claim of claim 31, wherein the isolated nucleic acid molecule is in a vector selected from the group consisting of a plasmid and a virus.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein the vector is a plasmid, which plasmid is directly injected into muscle tissue.

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